



TheVocabulary and Reading in Secondary School (VaRiSS) project: Attainment at 16



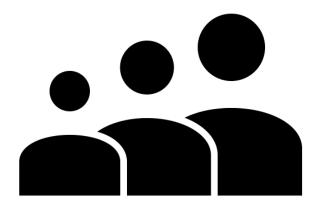


Royal Holloway Department of Psychology

1. Reading and vocabulary development in adolescence

2. Educational attainment at 16 years (preliminary)

Background



- Adequate reading is crucial for accessing the curriculum
- Expectations of independence: focus on 'reading to learn'
- Poor reading will be a barrier to exam performance
- We know very little about reading in adolescence, (some hints: Foorman et al., 2015; Reynolds & Turek, 2012)

Much is changing in adolescence

- Brain (Ben-Shachar et al., 2011)
- Processing (Dawson et al., 2017)

Reading in secondary: Is there an issue?

Royal Holloway Department of Psychology

- 20% of adolescents exhibit reading that is below acceptable standards (PISA 2015; Jerrim & Shure, 2016)
- PISA 2009 items...

Macondo 100 years of Solitude: Gabriel Garcia Márquez

Dazzled by so many and such marvellous inventions, the people of Macondo did not know where their amazement began. They stayed up all night looking at the pale electric bulbs fed by the plant that Aureliano Triste had brought back when the train made its second trip, and it took time and effort for them to grow accustomed to its obsessive toom-toom. They became indignant over the living images that the prosperous merchant Don Bruno Crespi projected in the theatre with the lion-head ticket windows, for a character who had died and was buried in one film, and for whose misfortune tears of affliction had been shed, would reappear alive and transformed into an Arab in the next one. The audience, who paid two centavos apiece to share the difficulties of the actors, would not tolerate that outlandish fraud and they broke up the seats. The mayor, at the urging of Don Bruno Crespi, explained by means of a proclamation that the cinema was a machine of illusions that did not merit the emotional outburst of the audience. With that discouraging explanation many felt that they had been the victims of some new and showy gypsy business and they decided not to return to the movies, considering that they already had too many troubles of their own to weep over the acted-out misfortunes of imaginary beings.

Reflect and evaluate





Date of alert: 04 February Manufacturer's Name: Fine Foods Ltd Product Information: 125g Lemon Cream Biscuits (Best before 18 June and Best before 01 July)

Details: Some biscuits in these batches may contain pieces of peanut, which are not included in the ingredient list. People with an allergy to peanuts should not eat these biscuits. Consumer action: If you have bought these biscuits you may return the product to the place of purchase for a full refund. Or call 1800 034 241 for further information.

Simple multiple choice questions

Heads up...

Royal Holloway Department of Psychology

Education Endowment Foundation (EEF) guidance reports

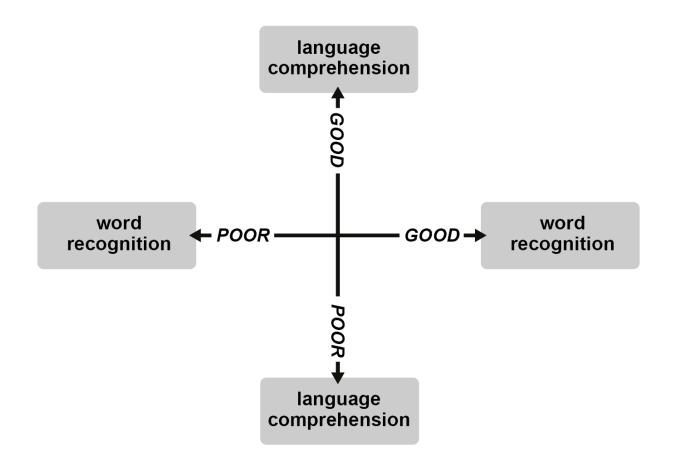
- Early years
- Key Stage 1
- Key Stage 2
- Secondary (brand new, published today!)

https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/tools/guidance-reports/



What underpins reading success?

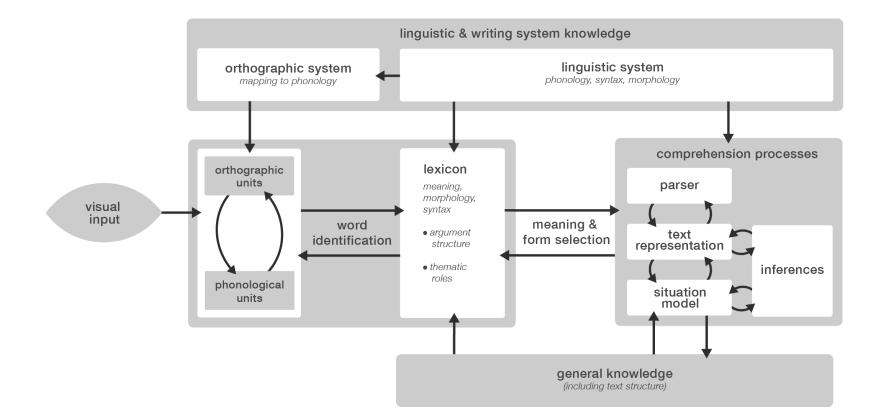
Royal Holloway Department of Psychology



Simple View of Reading (Gough & Tunmer, 1986)

What underpins reading success?

Royal Holloway Department of Psychology



Reading Systems Framework (Perfetti & Stafura, 2014)

Vocabulary and Reading: Reciprocity

Royal Holloway Department of Psychology

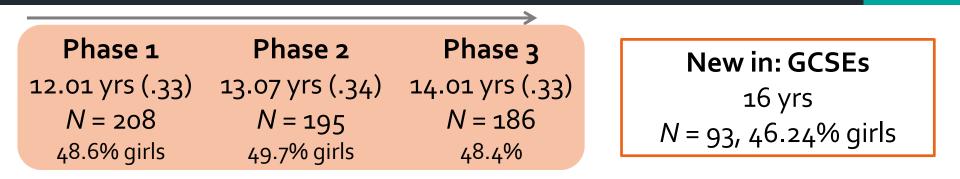
Vocabulary knowledge is particularly important



 Vocabulary (and spoken language more broadly) and foundational reading skills increasingly downplayed in curriculum from upper primary (KS2)

The VaRiSS project

Royal Holloway Department of Psychology



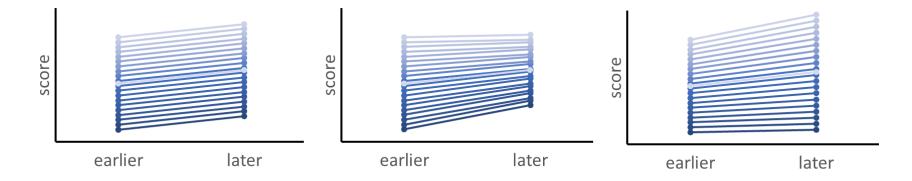
Measures:

- Oral vocabulary
- Word reading
- Reading comprehension



Development: three separable processes

- Royal Holloway Department of Psychology
- First longitudinal study tracking progress within adolescence
- Growth: Is there progress over time?
- Stability (Bornstein et al., 2014; 2016): Does pecking order stay the same over time?
- Spread: Is there evidence for Compensation? Matthew effects (Pfost et al., 2014; Stanovich, 1986)?

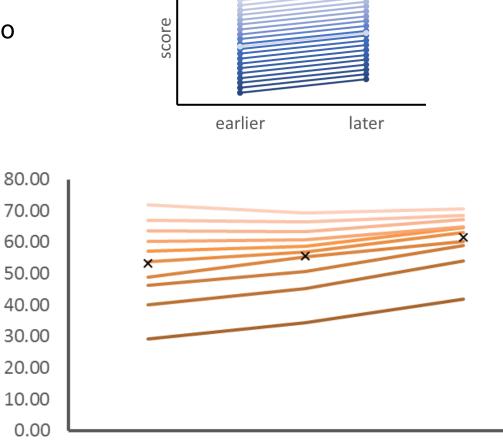


Visualising development

Individual trajectories too messy

ability score

- 10% bins i.e. mean for ~*n* = 20
- Based on phase 1 data
 - **1**. top 10%
 - 2. next 10%
 - 3. and so on...



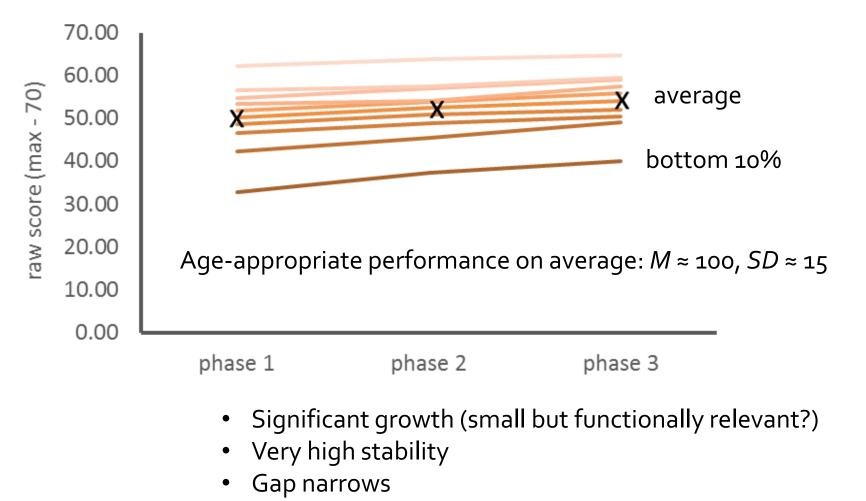
phase 2

phase 3

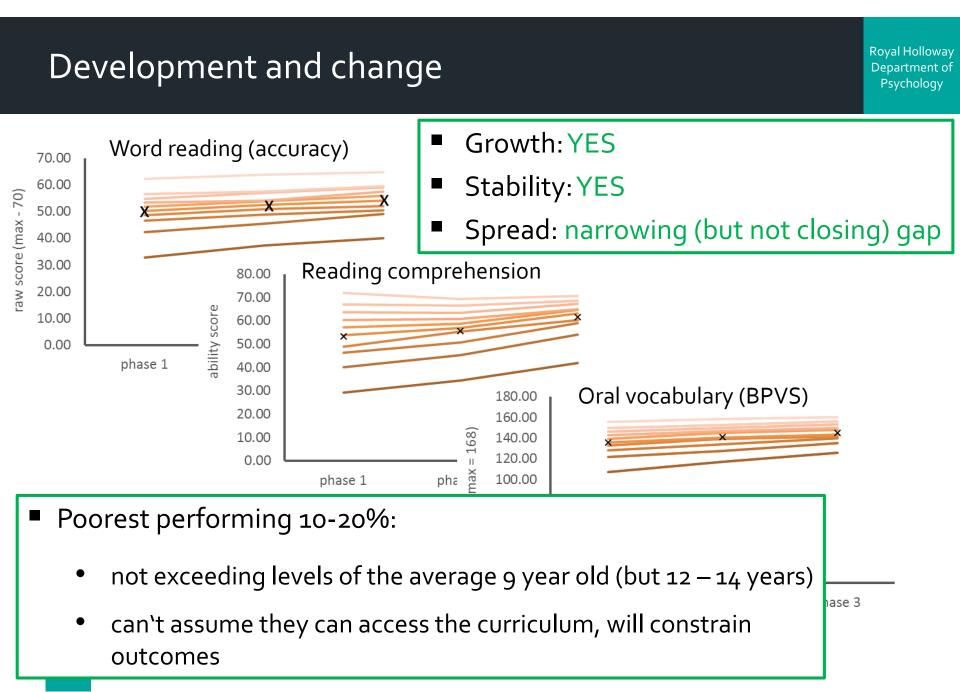
phase 1

Royal Holloway Department of Psychology

Word reading (accuracy)



• Same pattern for reading comprehension and vocabulary



Summary

- Poorest performing 10-20%:
 - not exceeding levels of the average 9 year old (but 12 14 years)
 - can't assume they can access the curriculum, will constrain outcomes
- Significant growth (but commensurate with test norms)
 - small in real terms but may be functionally important
 - clearly learning new information (e.g. subject-specific vocab)
- High stability: rank order also preserved
- Evidence of compensation: narrowing of gaps (but not closing)
- Vocabulary and reading comprehension inextricably linked



Royal Holloway Department of Psychology

1. Reading and vocabulary development in adolescence

2. Educational attainment at 16 years (preliminary)



Educational data... preliminary findings

Royal Holloway Department of Psychology

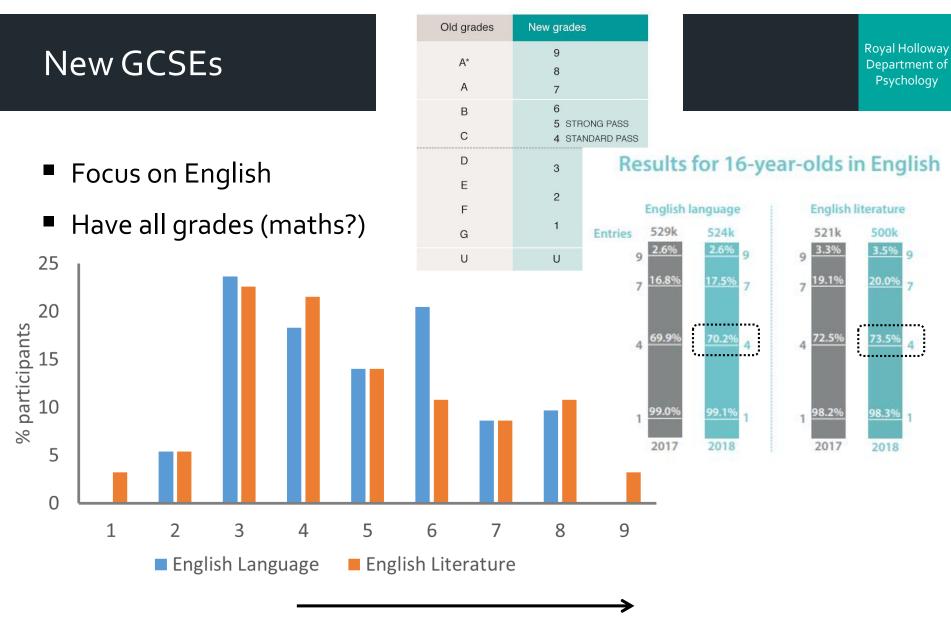
- KS2 SATs: before VaRiSS, age 11 (end of primary)
- GCSEs: all subject choices, all grades
- Also, teacher assessments from Year 9

KS₂ SATs reading (Year 6, before VaRiSS)

Royal Holloway Department of Psychology

Do we have a representative sample? Target (as was in 2012) $\% \ge \text{level } 4$ England: 87% All VaRiSS (n = 184) 70 83% 93% ■ GCSE subsample (n = 92) 60 50 % participants 40 30 20 10 0 1 2 3 4 5 6

Grading new GSCEs from 2017

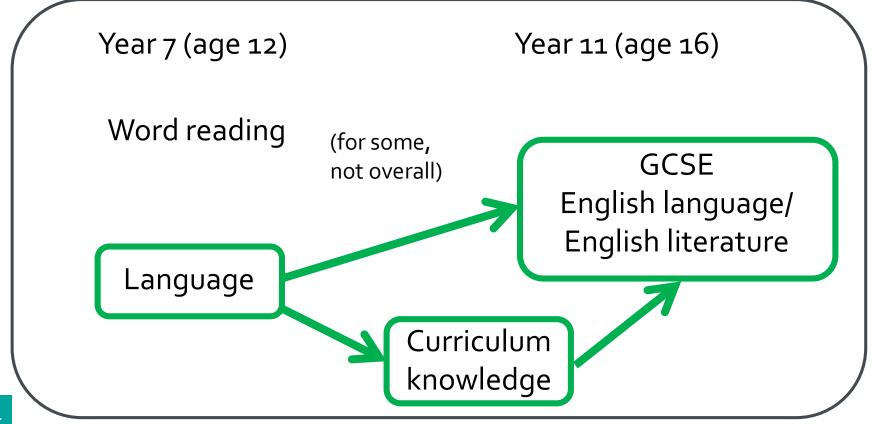


71%/69%

Does reading and vocabulary at 12 predict GCSE English grades? Preliminary findings...

Royal Holloway Department of Psychology

- Word reading
- Language (reading comprehension, vocabulary)



Summary

- Language abilities at age 12, as indexed by vocabulary and reading comprehension, are a strong predictor of individual differences in educational outcomes at age 16
 - Word reading may still be a predictor for some
- Thus, while knowledge of the curriculum is crucial for academic attainment, success may also be driven by foundational language and reading abilities.
- More analyses to come e.g., maths

Take home message

- Foundational language and literacy matters in secondary school
- There is some growth, though with more input it might be greater
- GCSEs:
 - Content knowledge is important, but
 - Foundational language and literacy abilities are important too

Thanks and acknowledgements

- To you for listening!
- Pupils, teachers and schools:
- Collaborators:
 - VaRiSS: Nicky Dawson, Charles Hulme, Arne Lervåg
 - Lianne Farrer and research assistants at Royal Holloway, University of London

- LARA lab: <u>http://pc.rhul.ac.uk/sites/lara/</u>; @ricketts_lara
- VaRiSS project: <u>www.variss.org</u>; @varissproject; <u>www.facebook.co.uk/varissproject</u>

Department of Psychology

Royal Holloway



